

DT150 OEM

The DT150 OEM is a driver specially designed to offer a smooth extended frequency response over a broad band, from mid to highs with high efficiency.

Ideal for compact two way systems that require excellent performance with high power output and superb frequency response.

The magnetic assembly with high flux density is provided by FEA (Finite Element Analisys) software.

The 1" phenolic dome diaphragm is light weight and extremely reliable, covering the frequency range from 1,500 Hz to 15,000 Hz with high fidelity.

The voice coil is made of high temperature wire wound on Nomex® former to withstand high operating temperatures.

The DT150 OEM is capable of handling up to 75 watts RMS or 150 watts (Musical Program) if connected to a 12 dB/octave crossover with a 4,000 Hz cut-off frequency.

The driver has a standard 13/8" - 18 TPI screw mounting.

A precisely engineered diaphragm structure and alignment mechanism allows for easy, reliable and cost effective repair in case of diaphragm failure.



SPECIFICATIONS

Nominal impedance	
Minimum impedance @ 6,300 Hz 9.6	
Power handling	
Musical Program(w/ xover 2,000 Hz 12 dB / oct) ¹ 80	W
Musical Program(w/ xover 4,000 Hz 12 dB / oct) ¹ 150	W
Sensitivity	
On horn, 2.83V@1m, on axis ²	dB SPL
Frequency response @ -6 dB 1,500 to 15,000	Hz
Throat diameter	mm (in)
Diaphragm material	Phenolic
Voice coil diameter	mm (in)
Re8.0	
Flux density	T
Minimum recommended crossover (12 dB / oct) 4.000	Hz

¹ Power handling specifications refer to normal speech and/or music program material, reproduced by an amplifier producing no more than 5% distortion. Power is calculated as true RMS voltage squared divided by the nominal impedance of the loudspeaker. This voltage is measured at the input of the recommended passive crossover when placed between the power amplifier and loudspeaker. Musical Program= 2 x W RMS.

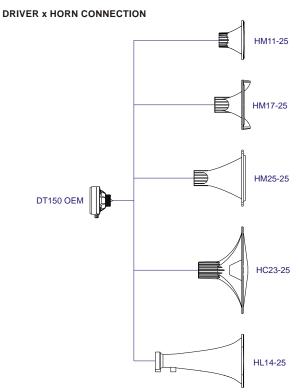
² Measured with HM11-25 horn, 2,000 - 8,000 Hz average.

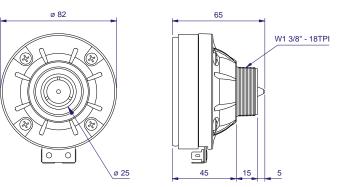
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Magnet material	Barium ferrite
Magnet weight)) g (oz)
Magnet diameter x depth 82 x 14 (3.23 x 0.55	5) mm (in)
Magnetic assembly weight	') g (lb)
Housing material	Plastic
Housing finish	Black
Magnetic assembly steel finish	Zinc-plated
Voice coil material	C CAW
Voice coil former material	N omex [®]
Voice coil winding length	') m (ft)
Voice coil winding depth	3) mm (in)
Wire temperature coefficient of resistance () 0.0043	5 1/°C
Volume displaced by driver 0.3 (0.011	l) (ft³)
Net weight	?) g`(lb́)
Gross weight (12 pieces per carton) 10,000 (22.05	s) g (lb)
Carton dimensions (W x D xH) 32 x 36 x 13.5 (12.6 x 14.2 x 5.3	3) cm (in)

MOUNTING INFORMATION

Horn connection	Screw-on 13/8" - 18 TPI
Connectors	Push on terminals
Polarity Positiv	e voltage applied to the positive (+) terminal
	gives diaphragm motion toward the throat





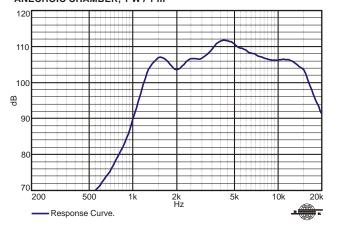
Dimensions in mm.



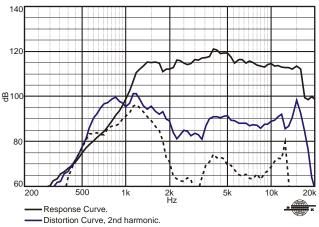
PROFESSIONAL LINE - Driver

DT150 OEM

RESPONSE CURVE MEASURED W/ HM11-25 HORN INSIDE AN ANECHOIC CHAMBER, 1 W / 1 m

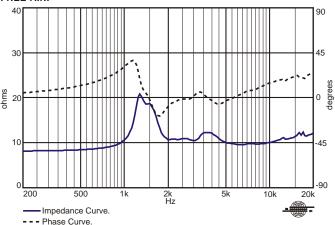


HARMONIC DISTORTION CURVES W/ HM11-25 HORN, 7.5 W / 1 m.



- - Distortion Curve, 3rd harmonic.

IMPEDANCE AND PHASE CURVES MEASURED W/ HM11-25 HORN IN

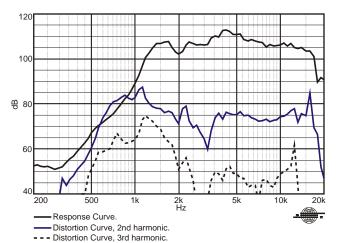


POLAR RESPONSE CURVES



DT150 OEM driver coupled to a HM11-25 horn.

HARMONIC DISTORTION CURVES W/ HM11-25 HORN, 1 W / 1 m.



HOW TO CHOOSE THE RIGHT AMPLIFIER

The power amplifier must be able to supply twice the RMS driver power. This 3 dB headroom is necessary to handle the peaks that are common to musical programs. When the amplifier clips those peaks, high distortion arises and this may damage the transducer due to excessive heat. The use of compressors is a good practice to reduce music dynamics to safe levels.

FINDING VOICE COIL TEMPERATURE

It is very important to avoid maximum voice coil temperature. Since moving coil resistance (R_E) varies with temperature according to a well known law, we can calculate the temperature inside the voice coil by measuring the voice coil DC resistance:

$$T_B = T_A = \frac{R_B}{R_A} = 1 \quad T_A = 25 \quad \frac{1}{25}$$

 T_A , T_B = voice coil temperatures in °C.

 R_A , R_B = voice coil resistances at temperatures T_A and T_B , respectively.

= voice coil wire temperature coefficient at 25 °C.