

## TITANIUM DRIVER D3500Ti-Nd

The D3500Ti-Nd model is an ultra high quality compression driver for professional use wherever high SPL and low distortion are of great concern.

Pure titanium specially designed diaphragm with IPF® (Impregnated Polymer Fiber) surround, has structured type snow flake for high sensitivity, low distortion and smooth extended frequency response applications.

The D3500Ti-Nd is recommended for use in arenas, stage monitors, side fills and sound reinforcement systems.

Optimized aluminum injected phase plug avoids phase cancellation problems.

High flux density magnetic assembly with Neodymium ring and copper shorting ring that lowers distortion and reduces the voice coil self-inductance.

Protection circuit DPD® (Driver Protection Device). This circuit uses a PTC and a HPCCR resistor assuring more reliability under overload condition.

The flat wire voice coil (copper clad aluminum) uses a high temperature Polyimide former.

Precisely engineered diaphragm structure and alignment mechanism allow for easy, reliable and cost effective repair in case of diaphragm failure.

In the rare case a repair may be necessary, please read carefully the instructions supplied and be sure to correctly follow the items step by step.

With a 2" exit throat and standard bolt pattern, it directly couples to Selenium horns with (50 mm) throats.

Base and cover are injected aluminum, assuring high mechanical resistance and a very shallow profile.

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

Nominal impedance	
Minimum impedance @ 5,500 Hz 5.1 $\Omega$	
Power handling	
Musical Program (w/ xover 800 Hz 12 dB / oct) <sup>1</sup> 150 W	
Sensitivity	
On horn, 2.83V@1m, on axis <sup>2</sup>	SPL
	SPL
Frequency response @ -10 dB 500 to 25,000 Hz	
	ո (in)
Diaphragm material Tita	anium
Voice coil diameter	า (in)
Re	
Flux density	
Minimum recommended crossover (12 dB / oct)800 Hz	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Power handling specifications refer to normal speech and/or music program material, reproduced by an amplifier producing no more than 5% distortion. Power is calculated as true RMS voltage squared divided by the nominal impedance of the loudspeaker. This voltage is measured at the input of the recommended passive crossover when placed between the power amplifier and loudspeaker.

Musical Program= 2 x W RMS.

Measured with HL14-50 horn, 1,000 - 20,000 Hz average.

## ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

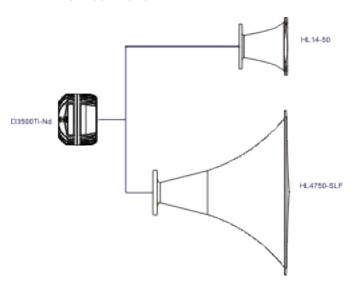
Magnet material	. Neodymium	
Magnet weight	g (oz)	
Magnet diameter x depth 126 x 11 (4.96 x 0.43)	mm (in)	
Magnetic assembly weight	g (lb)	
Housing material	. Aluminum	
Voice coil material	. Flat CCAW	
Voice coil former material Polyim	coil former material Polyimide (Kapton®)	
Voice coil winding length	m (ft)	
Voice coil winding depth	mm (in)	
Wire temperature coefficient of resistance ( $\alpha 25$ )0.00404	1/°C	
Volume displaced by driver 1.8(0,0635)	I (ft <sup>3</sup> )	
Net weight	g (lb)	
Gross weight	g (lb)	
Carton dimensions (W x D x H) 145x145x115 (5.7x 5.7x4.5)	cm (in)	

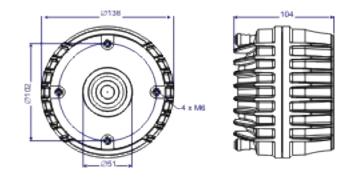
## MOUNTING INFORMATION

Horn connection
Number of holes 4 (M6) equally spaced threaded holes
Threaded holes diameter
Connectors Silver-plated push terminals
Polarity Positive voltage applied to the positive terminal
(red) gives diaphragm motion toward the throat



**DRIVER x HORN CONNECTION** 



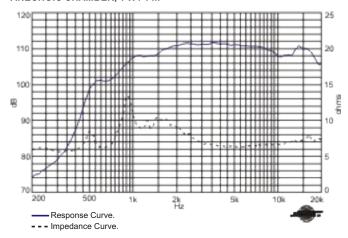


<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The sensitivity represents the SPL in a 25 mm terminated tube, 800 - 3,000 Hz average.

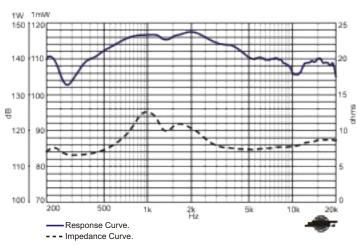


# TITANIUM DRIVER D3500Ti-Nd

RESPONSE AND IMPEDANCE CURVES W/ HL14-50 HORN INSIDE AN ANECHOIC CHAMBER. 1 W / 1 m

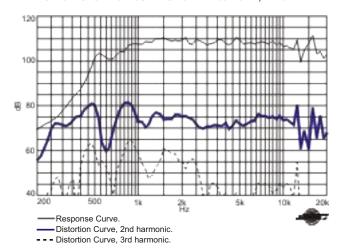


#### RESPONSE AND IMPEDANCE CURVES W/ PLANE-WAVE TUBE. 1 mW



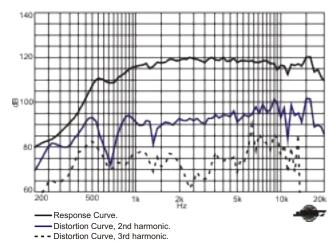
Frequency response and impedance curves measured with 50 mm terminated plane-wave tube, with sensitivity referenced to a 25 mm tube.

## HARMONIC DISTORTION CURVES W/ HL14-50 HORN, 1 W / 1 m.

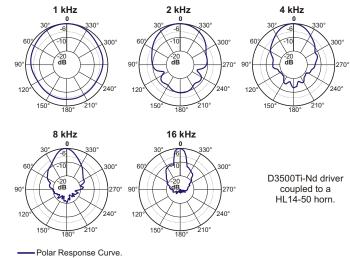


DPD® (Driver Protection Device): Selenium trademark. IPF® (Impregnated Polymer Fiber): Selenium trademark.

## HARMONIC DISTORTION CURVES W/ HL14-50 HORN, 7.5 W / 1 m.



### **POLAR RESPONSE CURVES**



### **HOW TO CHOOSE THE RIGHT AMPLIFIER**

The power amplifier must be able to supply twice the RMS driver power. This 3 dB headroom is necessary to handle the peaks that are common to musical programs. When the amplifier clips those peaks, high distortion arises and this may damage the transducer due to excessive heat. The use of compressors is a good practice to reduce music dynamics to safe levels.

## FINDING VOICE COIL TEMPERATURE

It is very important to avoid maximum voice coil temperature. Since moving coil resistance ( $R_{\scriptscriptstyle E}$ ) varies with temperature according to a well known law, we can calculate the temperature inside the voice coil by measuring the voice coil DC resistance:

$$T_{\rm B} = T_{\rm A} + \left(\frac{R_{\rm B}}{R_{\rm A}} - 1\right) \left(T_{\rm A} - 25 + \frac{1}{\alpha_{25}}\right)$$

 $T_A$ ,  $T_B$ = voice coil temperatures in °C.

 $R_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$  ,  $R_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$  = voice coil resistances at temperatures  $T_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$  and  $T_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$ , respectively.

 $\alpha_{2s}$ = voice coil wire temperature coefficient at 25 °C.

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